## Exploration: Similar Triangles on a Lire

1. a. Pick two points on line $A$.
b. Draw a right triangle so that the distance between the two points you chose is the hypotenuse.
c. Write the ratio of the length of the vertical leg of your right triangle to the length of the horizontal leg.

$$
\frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{4}{2}=\frac{2}{1}
$$

d. Repeat this process two more times with different points (try to get different sized triangles). What do you notice?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{2}{1} \\
& \frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{8}{4}=\frac{2}{1}
\end{aligned}
$$



All three ratios simplify to the same thing $\frac{2}{1}$ in 2
2. a. Pick two points on line $\not \subset$. B.
b. Draw a right triangle so that the distance between the two points you chose is the hypotenuse.
c. Write the ratio of the length of the vertical leg of your right triangle to the length of the horizontal leg.

$$
\frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{1}{2}
$$

d. Repeat this process two more times with different points (try to get different sized triangles). What do you notice?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{2}{4}=\frac{1}{2} \\
& \frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{3}{6}=\frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

3. Which line is steeper, Line A or Line B? How does this relate to the ratio's you found?

$$
\text { Line A is stepper and it's ratio is larger } 2>\frac{1}{2}
$$

4. a. Pick two points on line $C$.
b. Draw a right triangle so that the distance between the two points you chose is the hypotenuse.
c. Write the ratio of the length of the vertical leg of your right triangle to the length of the horizontal leg.

$$
\frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{3}{2}
$$

d. Repeat this process two more times with different points (try to get different sized triangles). What do you notice?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{6}{4}=\frac{3}{2} \\
& \frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{9}{6}=\frac{3}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Au l ratios
Simpurfy to $\frac{3}{2}$


Line D
5. a. Pick two points on line $D$.
b. Draw a right triangle so that the distance between the two points you chose is the hypotenuse.
c. Write the ratio of the length of the vertical leg of your right triangle to the length of the horizontal leg.

$$
\frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{3}{2}
$$

d. Repeat this process two more times with different points (try to get different sized triangles). What do you notice?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{6}{4}=\frac{3}{2} \quad \text { All RATIOS smpury TO } \frac{3}{2} \\
& \frac{\text { vertical }}{\text { horizontal }}=\frac{9}{6}=\frac{3}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

6. Which line is steeper, Line C or Line D? How does this relate to the ratio's you found? "They are beth They seem to be the same steepness, gist different directions $\qquad$
7. How do you think we can indicate that the direction of Lines $C$ and $D$ are different?

