

8-4 Relationships Among the Functions

Objective: To simplify trigonometric expressions.

If $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ then prove the other two Pythagorean Identities.

- 1) Read all of page 318 and do Activity 1.
- 2) Do Activity 2 on p. 319 then read example 1.
- 3) Do the problems on the next page.

Simplify.

$$1. \ 1 + \tan^2 \theta$$

$$2. \ (\sec x - 1)(\sec x + 1)$$

$$3. \frac{1}{\sin^2 A} - \frac{1}{\tan^2 A}$$

$$4. \ 1 - \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\tan^2 \theta}$$

$$5. \ \cos^2 A(\sec^2 A - 1)$$

$$6. \ \sin A \tan A + \sin(90^\circ - A)$$

8-4 Day 2

Warm-up

Simplify.

$$1. \csc A - \cos A \cot A$$

$$2. \frac{\tan x + \cot x}{\sec^2 x}$$

3. Let's use a difference of two squares.

$$\frac{\tan^2 \theta}{\sec \theta + 1} + 1$$

Prove the given identity.

$$4. \frac{\cot A(1 + \tan^2 A)}{\tan A} = \csc^2 A$$