## President Woodrow Wilson, September 25, 1919 (Modified)

My fellow citizens, as I have crossed the continent, I have perceived more and more that men have been busy creating an absolutely false impression of the treaty of peace and the Covenant of the League of Nations.

Reflect, my fellow citizens that the membership of this great League is going to include all the great fighting nations of the world, as well as the weak ones.

And what do they unite for? They enter into a solemn promise to one another that they will never use their power against one another for aggression; that they never will violate the <u>territorial integrity</u> of a neighbor; that they never will interfere with the political independence of a neighbor; that they will <u>abide</u> by the principle that great populations are entitled to determine their own destiny; and that no matter what differences arise between them they will never resort to war without first submitting their differences to the consideration of the council of the League of Nations, and agreeing that at the end of the six months, even if they do not accept the advice of the council, they will still not go to war for another three months.

I wish that those who oppose this settlement could feel the moral obligation that rests upon us not to turn our backs on the boys who died, but to see the thing through, to see it through to the end and make good their <u>redemption</u> of the world. For nothing less depends upon this decision, nothing less than liberation and salvation of the world.

## Vocabulary

Territorial integrity: borders of a country

Abide: accept

Redemption: save from evil

Source: Woodrow Wilson, speech in Pueblo Colorado, September 25, 1919. When President Wilson returned to the United States in 1919 after the Paris Peace Conference, he toured the country to raise support for the treaty and the League.

## Henry Cabot Lodge, August 12, 1919 (Modified)

Mr. President:

I can never be anything else but an American, and I must think of the United States first.

I have never had but one <u>allegiance</u> - I cannot divide it now. I have loved but one flag and I cannot share that devotion and give affection to the <u>mongrel</u> banner invented for a league. Internationalism is to me repulsive.

The United States is the world's best hope, but if you <u>fetter</u> her in the interests and quarrels of other nations, if you tangle her in the <u>intrigues</u> of Europe, you will destroy her power for good and endanger her very existence. Leave her to march freely through the centuries to come as in the years that have gone.

No doubt many excellent and patriotic people see a coming fulfillment of noble ideals in the words 'league for peace.' We all respect and share these <u>aspirations</u> and desires, but some of us see no hope, but rather defeat, for them in this <u>murky</u> plan. For we, too, have our ideals, even if we differ from those who have tried to establish a monopoly of idealism.

Our first ideal is our country. Our ideal is to make her ever stronger and better and finer, because in that way alone can she be of the greatest service to the world's peace and to the welfare of mankind.

## Vocabulary

Allegiance: loyalty

Mongrel: a mutt; a cross-breed

Repulsive: disgusting
Fetter: restrain with chains
Intrigues: secret plans
Aspirations: hopes
Murky: dark and dirty

Source: Henry Cabot Lodge, speech, August 12, 1919. Washington, D.C. Republican Henry Cabot Lodge was a staunch opponent of the Democrat President Woodrow Wilson.